# **Product Specification**





PRODUCT NAME: Medical Pillow 46x71 cm- Royal Blue

PRODUCT CODE: 3012019

PACKED: 8 pcs per box (Carton dimensions 77 x 57 x 48 cm)

| Size:             | Width 71 cm, Length 46 cm*   |  |
|-------------------|--|--|
| Filling:          | 100% Polyester carded fiber 600 g + 100g thermobonded wadding pad in size 45x25x5 cm                   |  |
| Fabric:           | Polyurethane coated nylon, 180 g/m2, Royal Blue  |  |
| Filter:           | 1S filter 9,5x27 cm  |  |
| Label:            | Screen print- white print on blue fabric or light grey on white fabric                                 |  |
| Pillow Weight:    | 820 g*   |  |
| Cleaning:         | Disinfect with max. 72% alcohol, max. 1000 ppm active chlorine. Wipe off with a water moistened cloth  |  |
| Safety Standards: | Flammability in accordance with BS EN ISO 12952-1:2010 and BS EN ISO 12952-2:2010 and BS 7175 source 5 |  |

<sup>\*</sup> Tolerances pillow weight +/- 3%; pillow size +/- 1cm

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# SleepAngel<sup>®</sup> **Medical Customized Pillows & Duvets**

Cleaning and Care Instructions

SleepAngel™ devices can be put into service immediately. The product is not sterilized.

# 1. Inspection and maintenance

#### **Product inspections:**

- Visually examine the products to identify any breach of cover or significant damage.
- Replace any damaged products.
- · When using wipes on all polyurethane surfaces, the surface should be wiped off using clean water after the wipe has been applied.

#### Weekly: (or on patient discharge)

- · Check for signs of fluid contamination on the product and damage or holes in the product cover.
- Dispose of contaminated product as hospital waste.

# 2. Cleaning Instructions

For normal cleaning: use mild detergent and water solution.

- Disinfection can be carried out by using diluted Hypochlorite to 1,000 ppm (pillow or duvet).
- Please ensure that the product is then wiped down with clean water (if not: possible discoloration, wrinkling or loss of resistance of the PU).

Note. Use of alcohol wipes and cleaning solutions may make a temporary change to the surface of the cover fabric and leave more susceptible to mechanical damage. Allow to dry fully before reuse. After processing, replace sheet carefully to help prevent mechanical damage.

Same cleaning procedure is valid for the PneumaPure<sup>™</sup> filter. Avoid abrasive scrubbing of the filter and fabric.









Do not bleach, do not machine wash, do not dry clean, do not tumble dry, do not iron.

# 3. Storage

- The pillow can be stored flat, on the side, or on end without damage. Do not bend the pillow.
- The duvet can be stored flat folded or rolled, avoid bending and stretching the PneumaPure<sup>™</sup> filter.

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# SleepAngel® Medical Customized Pillows & Duvets

Cleaning and Care Instructions

# Cleaning/ disinfectant products that can be used:

This list is not exhaustive and the appropriate concentrations should be strictly followed and not exceeded.

#### **Chlorine**

- Actichlor Plus (max. 5000 ppm)
- Chlor-Clean tablets (max. 5000 ppm)
- Germatol (100%)
- Haz-Tabs (5000 ppm)
- Sodium hypochlorite (5000 ppm)
- Wofasept® (max. 5%)

# **Quaternary**

- Acryl-des® (100%)
- Biguamed® Perfekt N (max. 6%)
- Bromosept 50 (max. 0,10%)
- Chemgene HLD4H Wipes
- Decosal (max. 2%)
- Erisan DES (max. 10%)
- Incidin Extra N (max. 5%)
- Kohrsolin® FF (max. 6%)
- Mikrobac® forte (max. 4%)
- Mikrobac® Tissues (Wipes)
- Mikrozid® sensitive liquid (100%)
- Mikrozid® sensitive Wipes (Wipes)
- Optisal N (max. 0,50%)
- Pursept® AF (max. 6%)
- Sanit Bio (max. 0,50%)
- Suma Bac D10 (max. 1%)
- Surfa'Safe Premium (100%)
- Terralin® protect (max. 4%)

# **Alcohol**

- Antifect ® N liquid (100%)
- Bacillol® 30 Foam (100%)
- Bacillol® AF (100%)
- CaviWipes® (Wipes)
- Ethanol (max. 50%)
- Isopropanol (max. 50%)
- Mikrozid® AF liquid (100%)
- Sagrotan® Hygiene-spray (100%)
- Sprint 200 (max. 2%)

# **Quaternary & Alcohol**

- Antifect ® AF (max. 1,00%)
- Antifect ® extra (max. 3,00%)
- B 45 (100%)
- Hexaquart Forte (max. 2%)
- Incidin® Foam (100%)
- Incidin® Rapid (max. 2%)
- Kombi Flächen-Desinfektion (max. 10%)
- TPH Protect (max. 4%)

#### **Peracetic Acid**

- Anios Oxy'Floor (max. 2%)
- · Clinell Sporicidal Wipes (Wipes)
- Terralin® PAA (max. 2%)

# Oxygen

- Descogen (max. 10%)
- Dismozon® pur (max. 4%)
- Perform® (max. 6%)
- Virkon (max. 1%)

# **Ammonia**

Volvone (max. 40%)

#### Other

- Alkaline- P3-topax® 66 (max. 5%)
- Alkylamine- Incidin® Plus (max. 4%)
- Amino alcohol- Sanit P20 (100%)
- Biguanide- AntiGone™ Wipes (Wipes)
- Chloroxylenol- Dettol (max. 5%)
- Formaldehyde (max. 30%)
- Glycol- Spring (100%)
- Sodium hydroxide- Topmax 421 (5%)



Customer Name Gabriel Scientific Ltd.,

**Customer Address** Paramount Court,

Corrig Road, Sandyford, Dublin 18

Contact David Woolfson

Test Requested Barrier Test

**Sample Description** SleepAngel™ pillow

Number of Samples 3

**Date of Receipt** 24/09/2015

ASC Code ASC003246

Report Number ASC092149

**Report Date** 29/02/2016



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# 1. Purpose

To assess the ability of the SleepAngel™ pillow to act as a barrier against Human Coronavirus 229E.

# 2. Background

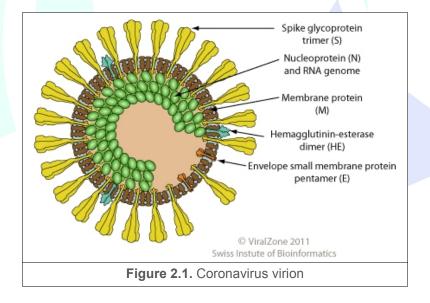
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Coronaviruses are enveloped RNA viruses belonging to the *Coronaviridae* family. They are responsible for mild and acute respiratory illness in humans.

Human Coronavirus 229E is responsible for up to one-third of common colds and may also be involved in more serious diseases (Myint 1995; Falsey et al. 1997). Interest in Coronaviruses was boosted by the outbreaks of severe acute respiratory syndrome (SARS) that started in China in 2003 and then spread to other parts of the world (Poutanen et al. 2005) because the aetiological agent was proven to be a novel coronavirus named SARS-CoV. About 8,000 cases of infection were registered in almost 30 countries, with a case fatality rate of about 10% (Peiris et al. 2003). In 2012 another novel coronavirus that emerged in the Middle East was also associated with acute respiratory syndrome (MERS coronavirus).

SARS and MERS coronaviruses are highly pathogenic. Therefore for this study Human Coronavirus 229E (HCoV 229E) was used as a representative of the Coronavirus family.

The Coronaviridae family viron structure is depicted in Figure 2.1.



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# 3. Test Item Description

Three SleepAngel™ pillows sent by Gabriel Scientific to airmid healthgroup were received on 24/09/2015 (Figure 3.1).



Figure 3.1. SleepAngel™ Pillow.

#### 4. Materials and Methods

#### 4.1. Materials

- 4.1.1. Human Coronavirus 229E (HCoV 229E)
- Real time PCR kit for Coronaviruses detection 4.1.2.
- 4.1.3. Vacuum pump and BioStage impaction apparatus
- 4.1.4. Laminar flow cabinet

# 4.2. Methods

# 4.2.1. Barrier test

- The seams, filter and bulk fabric of each of the three pillows were tested for their ability to act as a barrier to HCoV 229E using a BioStage impactor. 15 x 15 cm pillow portions were cut as shown in Figure 4.1 and positioned on the BioStage impactor as required.
- The positive control consisted of cotton fabric. Impermeable latex glows were used as the negative control. Duplicate positive and negative controls were tested.

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• The virus sample was placed in the upper chamber of the apparatus, on the test material or control, and then the vacuum was applied for 30 seconds. Any virus that passed through the test material or control was recovered in a collection buffer placed in the lower part of the impactor. The collected samples were then analysed for the presence of the virus by quantitative PCR.



**Figure 4.1.** SleepAngel™ Pillow investigated portions:

- a Long seam (top and bottom)
- b Filter and filter seam
- c Bulk fabric
- d Short seam (left hand side)

#### 4.2.1. Quantitative PCR

Quantitative PCR (qPCR) is a form of polymerase chain reaction (PCR) where data are collected and monitored in real time, hence it is also known as real time PCR. Thanks to fluorescent dyes or probes and the use of standards, a targeted product of unknown concentration can be precisely quantified. The technique is very sensitive: the limit of detection is 2 nucleic acid copies per microlitre of sample. In this case a reverse transcriptase qPCR (RT-qPCR) was performed as HCoV229E is an RNA virus so an initial step in which the RNA is converted into DNA was introduced.

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#### 5. Results

# 5.1. Sleep Angel pillow barrier test for Human Coronavirus 229E

Different pillow areas were tested as outlined in Section 4 for their permeability to Human Coronavirus 229E (HCoV229E). Table 5.1 shows the results of the qPCR analysis. Sample values represent the average of three replicates, control values represent the average of two replicates.

**Table 5.1** Total number of viral RNA copies recovered from the barrier test.

| Pillow Portion            | Total number of RNA copies        | Standard Deviation   |
|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------|
| Long Seam                 | <lod<sup>a b</lod<sup>            | 1                    |
| Short Seam                | <lod b<="" th=""><th>1</th></lod> | 1                    |
| Filter & Filter seam      | <lod b<="" th=""><th>1</th></lod> | 1                    |
| Bulk Fabric               | <lod b<="" th=""><th>1</th></lod> | 1                    |
| Positive Control (Cotton) | 8.6x10 <sup>8 c</sup>             | 1.3 x10 <sup>8</sup> |
| Negative Control (Latex)  | <lod th="" °<=""><th>1</th></lod> | 1                    |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> <LOD = below the limit of detection (<10<sup>4</sup> total RNA copies)

#### 6. Discussion

Samples of the SleepAngel<sup>™</sup> pillow were tested for their ability to act as a barrier to Human Coronavirus 229E (HCoV 229E). HCoV 229E was chosen as a representative for the Coronavirus family due to the relevant role Coronaviruses play in mild and severe respiratory syndrome.

Pillow seams, filters and bulk fabric (Figure 4.1) were tested for their permeability to the virus using a BioStage impactor. The effectiveness of the test was proved by using cotton fibre as the positive control. The positive control material allowed the transfer of the virus through to the collection buffer where an average of 8.6 x 10<sup>8</sup> total RNA viral copies were detected. Analysis of the collection buffer for the negative controls (latex fibre) by qPCR gave values below the limit of detection.

The results of the analysis of the test samples show that the pillow does not allow the transfer of viral particles through the seams, the filter and the fabric itself. Analysis of the collection buffer by qPCR gave values below the limit of detection for every replicate examined.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> Values represent the average of three replicates

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Values represent the average of two replicates



# 7. Conclusions

The SleepAngel™ pillow was proven to be effective in acting as barrier for Human Coronavirus 229E, used as a representative for the Coronavirus family. The test carried out using a BioStage impactor demonstrated that the pillow was able to block 99.99% of virus.

# 8. References

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\*\*\*End of Report\*\*\*